

ABSTRAK

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Putra Program Studi : Farmasi

Judul : Profil Peresepan Obat Anti HIV pada ODHA (Orang Dalam HIV dan AIDS) di Puskesmas Gambir Periode Januari – Juni 2024

Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) merupakan virus yang menyerang sistem imunitas. Infeksi virus ini mampu menurunkan kemampuan imunitas manusia dalam melawan benda-benda asing di dalam tubuh yang pada tahap terminal infeksiya dapat menyebabkan *Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome* (AIDS). Di Puskesmas Gambir juga HIV adalah sasaran utama untuk diturunkan ataupun dicegah angka penyakitnya di wilayah Gambir dan menjadi program yang masih banyak mengalami kenaikan pasien dengan angka 1-5 Pasien perbulannya dari periode Januari – Juni 2024. HIV di Puskesmas Gambir juga merupakan pasien terbanyak di Jakarta Pusat. Jenis penelitian deskriptif, dilakukan dengan menggunakan metode *total sampling*, pengambilan data dilakukan dengan cara *cross sectional*. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan didapatkan hasil jenis kelamin paling banyak adalah laki – laki (84,20%), usia 20 – 29 Tahun (31,33%), SMA (62,30%), Karyawan Swasta (57,45%), Lama Menderita 6 – 8 Tahun (37,45%), Hasil CD4 <200 sel (57,70%), Infeksi Oportunistik (30,70%), Obat ARV paling banyak golongan NRTI (Lamivudine) (33,33%), Tidak ada kejadian efek samping (87,82%), tidak mendapat MMD (57,70%), Kotrimoksazol dengan obat yang diresepkan bersama anti HIV (31,27%), dan Hasil Klinis CD4 dan Viral Load pasien yang menunjukkan peningkatan nilai rujukan.

Kata kunci: AntiHIV, Profil Peresepan, ODHA

ABSTRACT

Name : Tanca Maulana Putra

Study Program : Pharmacy

Title : *Profile of Anti-HIV Drug Prescription for PWHAs (People with HIV and AIDS) at Gambir Health Center for the Period January – June 2024*

Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) is a virus that attacks the immune system. Infection with this virus can reduce the ability of human immunity to fight foreign objects in the body which in the terminal stage of infection can cause Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS). At the Gambir Health Center, HIV is also the main target to reduce or prevent the number of diseases in the Gambir area and is a program that is still experiencing an increase in patients with a figure of 1-5 patients per month from January - June 2024. HIV at the Gambir Health Center is also the most patients in Central Jakarta. The type of descriptive research, conducted using the total sampling method, data collection was carried out using a cross-sectional method. The results of the study showed that the most gender results were male (84.20%), age 20-29 years (31.33%), high school (62.30%), private employees (57.45%), duration of suffering 6-8 years (37.45%), CD4 results <200 cells (57.70%), opportunistic infections (30.70%), ARV drugs, most of which were NRTI (Lamivudine) (33.33%), no side effects (87.82%), did not receive MMD (57.70%), cotrimoxazole with drugs prescribed together with anti-HIV (31.27%), and CD4 and Viral Load Clinical Results of patients showed an increase in reference values.

Keyword : *Anti HIV, Prescribing Profile , ODHA*