

ABSTRAK

Nama : Eka Riyani
Program Studi : Farmasi
Judul : Gambaran Penggunaan Obat Antihipertensi pada Ibu Hamil
Dengan Hipertensi di RSUD Banten Periode 2019-2010.

Hipertensi dalam kehamilan adalah tekanan darah sistolik lebih besar dari atau sama dengan 140 mmHg dan tekanan darah distolik lebih besar dari atau sama dengan 90 mmHg. Pengukuran ini harus dikonfirmasi dengan pembacaan berulang selama beberapa jam. Penelitian ini dengan tujuan mengetahui gambaran demografi tekanan darah sebelum dan sesudah terapi, gambaran penggunaan obat dan kategori obat pada pasien ibu hamil dengan diagnosa hipertensi di RSUD Banten periode 2019-2020. Dengan penelitian menggunakan metode deskriptif serta mengumpulkan data secara retrospektif. Sampel yang diambil sebanyak 58 pasien dengan metode total sampling. Data diambil dari rekam medis. Hasil yang didapat berdasarkan hasil tertinggi yaitu berdasarkan kelompok usia kisaran 20-30 tahun ada 32 (55,17%), usia kehamilan trimester 3 ada 52 (89,66%), paritas, nullipara ada 22 (37,93%), klasifikasi hipertensi pada preeklamsia-eklamsia ada 55 (94,83%), riwayat hipertensi, yang tidak ada riwayat ada 54 (93,10%), berdasarkan tidak ada eklamsia ada 58 (100%). Kondisi tekanan darah terkontrol ada 58 (100%). Serta Jenis Antihipertensi terbanyak yaitu Nifedipine ada 48 (82,76%). Pola terapi penggunaan Antihipertensi terbanyak yaitu Methyldopa+Nifedipine ada 26 (44,83%). Penggunaan obat lain terbanyak pada Asam mefenamat ada 42 (72,41%) dengan kategori obat terbanyak yaitu kategori obat C 16 (48,48%).

Kata Kunci :
Hipertensi, Ibu Hamil, Penggunaan Obat

ABSTRACT

Nam : Eka Riyani
Study Program : Pharmacy
Title : Description of Antihypertensive Drug Use in Pregnant Women with Hypertension in Banten Hospital for the Period of 2019-2020.

Hypertension in pregnancy is *systolic* blood pressure greater than or equal to 140 mmHg and *diastolic* blood pressure greater than or equal to 90 mmHg. This measurement should be confirmed by repeated readings over several hours. This study aims to determine the demographic picture of blood pressure before and after therapy, description of drug use, and drug categories in pregnant women diagnosed with hypertension at Banten Hospital for the period 2019-2020. By research using descriptive methods and collecting data retrospectively. Samples were taken as many as 58 patients with a total sampling method. Data taken from medical records. The results obtained were based on the highest results, namely based on the age group of 20-30 years there were 32 (55.17%), the third trimester of pregnancy was 52 (89.66%), parity, nullipara were 22 (37.93%), classification hypertension in preeclampsia-eclampsia there were 55 (94.83%), history of hypertension, there was no history of 54 (93.10%), based on no eclampsia there were 58 (100%). There were 58 (100%) controlled blood pressure conditions. As well as the most types of antihypertensives, namely Nifedipine there are 48 (82.76%). The most antihypertensive therapy pattern was Methyldopa + Nifedipine there were 26 (44.83%). The highest use of other drugs was mefenamic acid (42.41%) with the most drug category being category C 16 (48.48%).

Keywords:

Hypertension, Pregnant Women, Drug Use