

ABSTRAK

Nama : Dina Lestari Putri

Program Studi : Farmasi

Judul : Hubungan Pengetahuan, Sikap, Perilaku Terhadap Kecemasan
Terkait Pandemi COVID-19 Di RW 002 Kelurahan Bintara
Kota Bekasi

Diawal tahun 2020, dunia digemparkan dengan merebaknya virus baru yaitu *coronavirus* jenis baru (SARS-CoV-2) dan penyakitnya disebut *Coronavirus-disease* 2019 (COVID-19). Akibat pandemik ini, timbul kecemasan dari kalangan masyarakat. Langkah upaya penanganan COVID-19, idealnya tidak hanya melakukan penanganan pada kesehatan fisik saja melainkan mental dan sosial. Gangguan kecemasan harus dikendalikan agar tidak menimbulkan stres dan depresi yang akhirnya menurunkan daya tahan tubuh. Maka dari itu penelitian ini dilakukan untuk mengetahui hubungan pengetahuan, sikap, perilaku terhadap kecemasan terkait pandemi COVID-19 di RW 002 Kelurahan Bintara Kota Bekasi. Pada penelitian ini menggunakan metode *cross sectional*, yaitu dilakukan menggunakan kuesioner sebagai instrumen penelitian. Jumlah sample sebanyak 106 responden, teknik pengambilan sample ini menggunakan *purposive sampling* dihitung dengan rumus lemeshow. Dari hasil penelitian tidak ada hubungan antara pengetahuan terhadap kecemasan terkait pandemi COVID-19 di RW 002 Kelurahan Bintara Kota Bekasi dengan *p-value* 0,125 >0,05, ada hubungan antara sikap terhadap kecemasan terkait pandemi COVID-19 di RW 002 Kelurahan Bintara Kota Bekasi dengan *p-value* 0,023 <0,05, dan ada hubungan perilaku terhadap kecemasan terkait pandemi COVID-19 di RW 002 Kelurahan Bintara Kota Bekasi dengan *p-value* 0,001 <0,05.

Kata Kunci :

COVID-19, Pengetahuan, Sikap, Perilaku, Kecemasan

ABSTRACT

Name : Dina Lestari Putri

Study Program : Pharmacy

Title : Relationship between Knowledge, Attitudes, Behavior Towards The Anxiety Related to COVID-19 Pandemic in RW 002 Bintara Urban Village, Bekasi City.

At the beginning of 2020, the world was in an uproar by the spread of a new virus, namely the new type of coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2) and the disease called Coronavirus-disease 2019 (COVID-19). As a result of this pandemic, anxiety arises among the community. The countermeasures of COVID-19, ideally addressing not only physical health but also mental and social health. Anxiety disorders must be controlled so as not to cause stress and depression which ultimately lowers the body's resistance. Therefore this research was conducted to determine the relationship between knowledge, attitudes, behavior towards anxiety related to the COVID-19 pandemic in RW 002, Bintara Urban Village, Bekasi City. In this study using a cross sectional method, which is carried out using a questionnaire as a research instrument. The number of samples is 106 respondents, this sampling technique using purposive sampling calculated by the lemeshow formula. From the results of the study there was no relationship between knowledge of anxiety related to the COVID-19 pandemic in RW 002 Bintara Village, Bekasi City with a p-value of $0.125 > 0.05$, there was a relationship between attitudes towards anxiety related to the COVID-19 pandemic in RW 002 Bintara Urban Village, Bekasi City. with a p-value of $0.023 < 0.05$, and there is a relationship between behavior and anxiety related to the COVID-19 pandemic in RW 002, Bintara Village, Bekasi City with a p-value of $0.001 < 0.05$.

Keywords : COVID-19, Knowledge, Attitude, Behavior, Anxiety.

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