

ABSTRAK

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Judul : Gambaran Tingkat Pengetahuan dan Perilaku Masyarakat Tentang Penggunaan Tanaman Daun Pepaya (*Carica Papaya L.*) Sebagai Pengobatan Tradisional di Desa Batu Kuning Bengkulu Selatan

Tanaman pepaya (*Carica papaya L.*) termasuk dalam famili *caricaceae* telah banyak digunakan dalam pengobatan tradisional. Daun pepaya (*Carica papaya L.*) mengandung alkaloid karpain, karpain, pseudokarpain, vitamin C dan E, kolin, dan karposid. Daun pepaya mengandung suatu glukosinolat yang disebut benzil isotiosianat. Daun pepaya juga mengandung mineral seperti kalium, kalsium, magnesium, tembaga, zat besi, zinc, dan mangan. Penelitian dilakukan dengan rancangan cross-sectional dan membagikan kuesioner sebagai instrumen pengumpulan data primer kepada responden yang berisi pertanyaan-pertanyaan mengenai pengetahuan dan perilaku masyarakat tentang penggunaan tanaman pepaya (*Carica Papaya L.*) sebagai pengobatan tradisional di Desa Batu Kuning Bengkulu Selatan. Jenis penelitian yang digunakan yaitu deskriptif analitik dengan tujuan untuk melakukan gambaran atau deskripsi suatu keadaan secara objektif. Tingkat pengetahuan Masyarakat Desa Batu Kuning Bengkulu Selatan dengan hasil kategori kurang sebanyak 0 (0%), kategori cukup sebanyak 21 (21,6%), dan kategori baik sebanyak 76 (78,3 %). Perilaku penggunaan tanaman daun pepaya (*Carica Papaya L.*) sebagai pengobatan tradisional di Desa Batu Kuning Bengkulu Selatan dengan kategori sangat tinggi (baik) 97 responden ($\geq 92\%$)

Kata Kunci : Daun Pepaya, Pengetahuan, Perilaku

ABSTRACT

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Title : Description of Community Knowledge and Behavior on the Use of Papaya Leaf Plants (*Carica Papaya L.*) as Traditional Medicine in Batu Kuning Village, South Bengkulu

Papaya (*Carica papaya L.*) belongs to the *caricaceae* family and has been widely used in traditional medicine. Papaya leaves (*Carica papaya L.*) contain karpain alkaloids, karpain, pseudokarpain, vitamins C and E, choline, and carposid. Papaya leaves contain a glucosinolate called benzyl isothiocyanate. Papaya leaves also contain minerals such as potassium, calcium, magnesium, copper, iron, zinc, and manganese. The study was conducted with a cross-sectional design and distributed questionnaires as primary data collection instruments to respondents containing questions about people's knowledge and behavior about the use of papaya plants (*Carica Papaya L.*) as traditional medicine in Batu Kuning Village, South Bengkulu, The type of research used is descriptive analytic with the aim of describing or describing a situation objectively. as many as 0 (0%), sufficient category as many as 21 (21.6%), and good category as many as 76 (78.3%). Behavior of using papaya leaf plant (*Carica Papaya L.*) as traditional medicine in Batu Kuning Village, South Bengkulu with very high category (good) 97 respondents ($\geq 92\%$)

Keywords: Papaya Leaf, Knowledge, Behavior